BRITISH COLUMBIA
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BC Stats

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Exports ◆ August 2007

- The value of BC origin exports is down 4.3% over the first eight months of 2007 compared to the January to August period in 2006. Slumping exports of solid wood and energy products have been responsible for much of the decline.

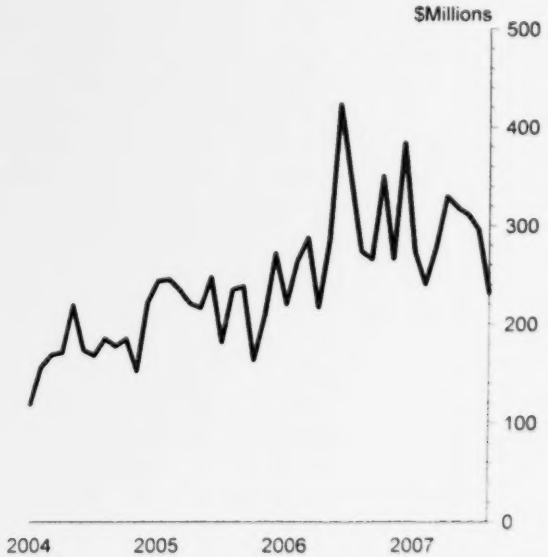
- Wood product exports have fallen 15.1% year-to-date to August compared to the same eight month period last year. A reduction in demand due to a substantial drop in housing starts in the United States is one of the main reasons for the decline. The value of solid wood shipments to the US was 20.2% lower over the January to August period compared to the same eight months in 2006. One positive in the forest sector has been the performance of pulp. Pulp exports are up 17.2% compared to last year and the surge in shipments of pulp has more than offset declines in exports of newsprint (-16.1%) and paper and paperboard (-2.7%), such that overall pulp and paper exports from the province have climbed 7.8%.

- Despite significant increases in exports of unwrought zinc (+69.6%), unwrought aluminum (+11.2%) and molybdenum ores and concentrates (+8.3%), overall shipments of metallic mineral products have dipped 1.7% year-to-date due to a 29.1% slump in exports of copper ores and concentrates.

- Exports of energy products have dropped 6.8% year-to-date, despite a 58.0% jump in exports of electricity and a 40.7% increase in shipments of "other" energy products (i.e., excluding natural gas and coal). A 13.4% plunge in exports of natural gas and an 11.2% drop in shipments of coal have more than offset the increases in electricity and other energy product exports. The decline in the value of coal shipments is entirely due to lower prices as quantities shipped have actually increased 6.6%.

- There has been a decline in shipments to BC's top export markets so far this year. Exports to the US have dipped 4.3%, while shipments to Japan are down 12.7%. As a result, the share of BC exports headed to those destinations has also dropped. The US was the destination for 61.0% of BC's exports over January to August compared to 62.2% in the same period in 2006. Japan's share dropped from 14.4% to 13.1% in the same period. Meanwhile, Mainland China has seen its share of BC exports climb from 4.0% to 5.5% due to a 32.1% increase in shipments to that country.

After experiencing rapid growth throughout 2006, exports of metallic mineral products are slipping



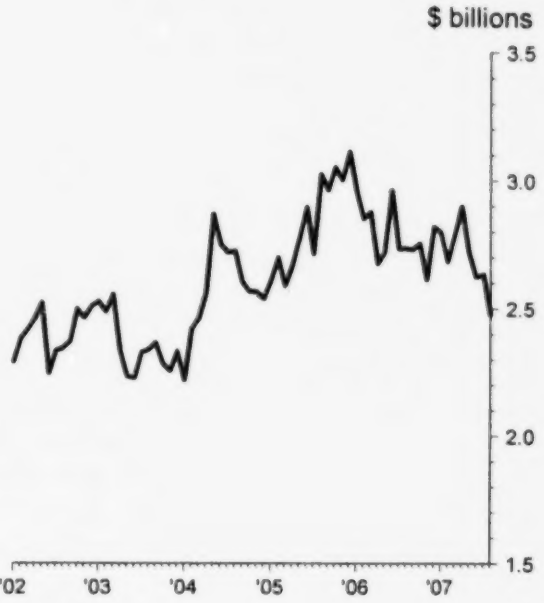
SEASONALLY ADJUSTED EXPORTS

Seasonal adjustment supplies a means of making month-to-month comparisons by removing the regular periodic seasonal fluctuations that occur. Variations from normal seasonal patterns are revealed in the seasonally adjusted data series.

- Exports fell sharply in August (-5.8%) as shipments of energy products plunged 19.6% and exports of industrial and consumer goods dropped 7.9%. Shipments to both the United States (-2.1%) and the rest of the world (-11.3%) were lower in August.

- The overall drop in exports to the United States was the result of a 23.3% slump in energy exports as all other major commodity groups saw an increase in shipments. For shipments to the rest of the world, the only group to experience an increase in exports was agriculture and fish (+12.5%).

Exports (adjusted for seasonality) dropped in August



BC Exports, Seasonally Adjusted ($Millions)

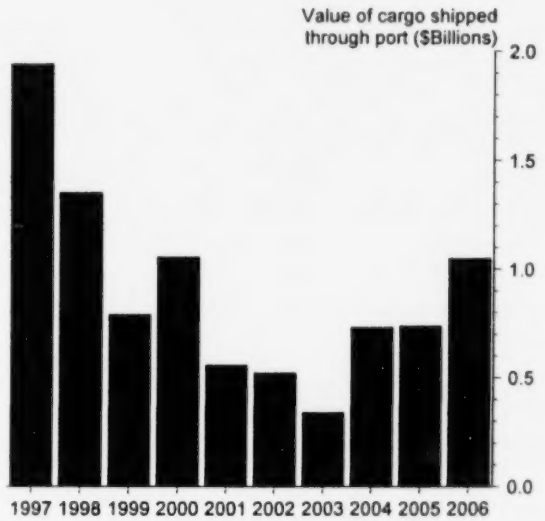
Month	Agriculture & Fish	Energy	Forest Products	Machinery& Equip, Auto	Industrial, Consumer	Total	Exports to USA
Aug 2005	203	804	1,073	371	572	3,023	1,858
Sep	190	797	1,043	357	577	2,964	1,834
Oct	195	856	1,145	371	486	3,052	2,044
Nov	203	695	1,148	379	578	3,003	2,020
Dec	192	802	1,176	384	559	3,111	1,966
Jan 2006	188	708	1,164	364	536	2,960	1,950
Feb	187	583	1,139	370	570	2,850	1,783
Mar	185	588	1,098	417	588	2,875	1,767
Apr	181	547	1,071	360	518	2,676	1,703
May	193	518	1,079	348	582	2,720	1,710
Jun	191	559	1,112	380	716	2,958	1,699
Jul	200	467	1,053	349	666	2,734	1,684
Aug	197	506	1,089	340	603	2,735	1,666
Sep	210	500	1,033	379	609	2,730	1,616
Oct	203	454	1,027	390	678	2,752	1,606
Nov	197	444	1,002	356	615	2,613	1,582
Dec	211	523	1,024	376	682	2,817	1,697
Jan 2007	213	508	1,094	363	619	2,797	1,719
Feb	207	563	987	370	556	2,683	1,672
Mar	213	541	1,054	378	596	2,783	1,707
Apr	203	544	1,116	377	657	2,897	1,699
May	191	563	1,012	331	622	2,718	1,607
Jun	184	503	993	339	606	2,625	1,615
Jul	169	537	975	345	607	2,633	1,574
Aug	181	432	962	347	559	2,480	1,540

Prince Rupert Container Port Open for Business

The surge of imports from China has strained the resources of ports along the Pacific Coast, such that the opening of a new container port in Prince Rupert couldn't come at a better time. The new facility was officially opened on September 12th and the first containers should be moving through the port sometime in late October.

The new container port should help boost a local economy that has seen some lean times over the last decade. The closures of the city's pulp mill, the northeast coal mines and fish packing plants in the region all had a major impact on both the City of Prince Rupert and its port. In recent years, there has been a bit of a resurgence in activity at the port. After bottoming out in 2003, with only $339.3 million worth of goods moved through the port (compared to over $1.9 billion in 1997), strong growth in shipments of coal and grain helped boost the value of goods shipped through the Port of Prince Rupert up over $1 billion in 2006.

The Port of Prince Rupert is on the rebound after years of decline



Source: Statistics Canada

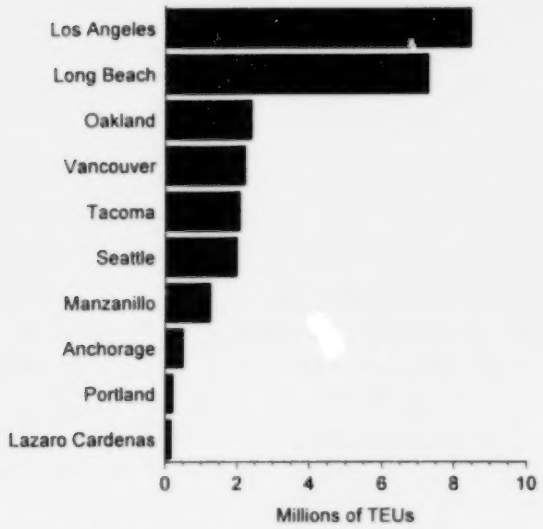
The port should see an even larger increase in activity once the container facility is running at full capacity. The new container port can handle 500,000 TEUs annually and there are plans to expand capacity over the next decade.[1] The next phase of the project will increase the container port's capacity to two million TEUs by 2011. There are plans to further double the capacity to four million TEUs by 2015, which is almost twice that of the Port of Vancouver's current capacity. However, the Port of Vancouver is also looking to expand and has already added a significant amount of container capacity in just the last few years. The plan is to double capacity at the port by 2020 to almost five million TEUs.

Vancouver was ranked fourth in terms of container traffic on the Pacific Coast of North America in 2006, behind only Los Angeles, Long Beach and Oakland and should surpass Oakland in the next couple of years as expansion projects are completed. Prince Rupert should crack the top ten with its new container terminal, but even so, there are some that think the pace of expansion for both the Vancouver and Prince Rupert ports is too slow. Container traffic is expected to continue to grow and the Canadian ports are in a strong position to take advantage of that increase due to their relative proximity to Asia; however, if

[1] A TEU is a twenty-foot equivalent unit, which is the standard measure of container traffic based on the length of a container (e.g., a 40-foot container would be two TEUs).

expansion of the ports proceeds too slowly, they may lose market share to competing ports.

Vancouver ranked 4th in terms of container traffic on the Pacific Coast of North America in 2006



Sources: American Association of Port Authorities, Secretaría de Comunicaciones y Transportes

Several US ports are already considering expansion and the US government has proposed legislation that would offer tax credits of 25% for capital expenditures related to rail infrastructure, which could give American ports and railways a significant competitive advantage compared to their Canadian counterparts.

The ports of Los Angeles and Long Beach are both hoping to move forward with expansion projects that have been delayed for several years due to environmental concerns. The projects include upgraded container facilities, which would add capacity to what are already by far the largest container handling facilities on the west coast of North America.

This is of particular concern to Prince Rupert, as Los Angeles and Long Beach constitute its main competition. The conventional wisdom is that major ports need to be centred around a large metropolitan area that can consume a substantial portion of the products being imported. However, for the Port of Prince Rupert, rather than the local market, the target customer is the American Midwest from the Canadian border to as far south as New Orleans. The port already has the necessary infrastructure in place as there is an established rail system from Prince Rupert to the midwest, which is currently underutilized and could handle a surge in traffic without difficulty. Currently, Los Angeles and Long Beach are the main conduit for containers headed for the midwest, so if their expansion efforts outpace those of the Port of Prince Rupert, the Canadian port could lose out on the opportunity to absorb any available excess capacity.

Prince Rupert does have an advantage over the California ports in terms of trade with Asia in that it is significantly closer to Asian ports. Even with the rail travel taken into account, Prince Rupert is still the faster route, particularly considering the bottlenecks that are occurring due to current capacity constraints at other west coast ports.

While the port has mainly been advertised as an alternative route for imported goods, exporters are also seeing some opportunities. Whether it is fish processors in Alaska looking to ship their product more quickly to the American Midwest or manufacturers in Wisconsin wanting to tap markets in Asia, the new facility in Prince Rupert is seen as having vast potential. The enthusiasm for the port is not restricted to American exporters as facilities have been built, or are being planned, that will be able to fill containers with Canadian product that can be shipped to Asian markets. Specialty grain facilities have already been built in

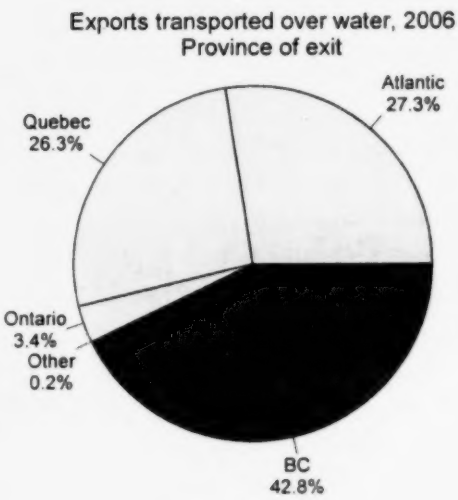
Edmonton and there are plans to construct a facility in Prince George that would fill containers with forest products. The forest industry in Northern BC is hoping to find new markets for its surfeit of pine beetle-killed wood, but the new container facility could create markets for other manufactured goods from that region of the province as well, generating new economic activity for a portion of the province that has not necessarily shared in BC's recent prosperity.

While the Port of Prince Rupert will compete directly with several American ports, it will likely not be a rival for Vancouver's business. Since activity at the Port of Vancouver is mainly concentrated on goods destined for the Canadian market, the new container facility in Prince Rupert should compliment Vancouver, rather than compete with it.

The additional capacity provided by the new container port is an asset not only to BC, but also to the country as a whole as BC ports are the route for a significant amount of marine traffic for goods. In 2006, almost 43% of Canadian exports that were transported over water exited the country through British Columbia ports; however, only 17% of imported goods shipped over water entered Canada through British Columbia.

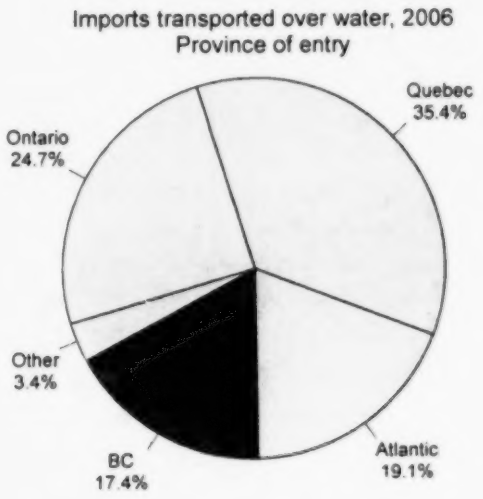
One of the reasons for the smaller share of imports is that a large percentage of water-borne imports originates in Europe and very few of those goods are shipped through BC. However, the proportion of goods shipped from Asia to Canada that moves through BC is substantially higher (30% of goods shipped over water from China, over half of goods from Japan and South Korea), which indicates that as imports from Asia continue to rise, so too will the share of imports entering Canada through British Columbia. The additional container capacity may also result in a redirection of goods that were being shipped through the

A substantial portion of Canadian exports transported over water leave the country via British Columbia ports...



Source: Statistics Canada

...however, goods imported into the country by water transport are far less likely to enter through British Columbia ports



Source: Statistics Canada

Panama Canal to east coast ports due to congestion and delays at ports on the west coast, further boosting BC's share.

The new container port offers many possibilities for Northern BC and could be the beginning of a significant economic expansion for the region. However, there is a danger that British Columbia could miss out on further opportunities if roadblocks to port expansion are not removed. The competition for port business is steep and port expansion activity in California, Mexico and elsewhere could leave BC outside looking in if it moves too slow. There has to be a concerted effort to remove regulatory hurdles, satisfy aboriginal concerns and find solutions to environmental problems to ensure that BC can take full advantage of the opportunities created by the strong economic growth in Asia.

Recent Feature Articles in Exports Release
Listed by Statistical Reference Date of Issue

07-08 *Prince Rupert Container Port Open for Business*
(released October 2007)

07-07 *Canada Weighs Anchor on Free Trade with EFTA*
(released September 2007)

07-06 *BC's Trade with California*
(released August 2007)

07-05 *Appreciating Dollar Not Appreciated by Exporters*
(released July 2007)

07-04 *The Greening of BC's Exports*
(released June 2007)

07-03 *BC's High Tech Trade*
(released May 2007)

07-02 *Canada-USA Corn Row*
(released April 2007)

07-01 *Is the Sun Rising on Trade With Japan?*
(released March 2007)

06-12 *Year in Review: 2006*
(released February 2007)

06-11 *Brazil-Canada Trade Getting Over Jet Lag*
(released January 2007)

06-10 *Plan B: An APEC Free Trade Region?*
(released December 2006)

06-09 *Success of BC's Mining Industry Helps Boost Exports*
(released November 2006)

06-08 *Provincial Export Profile*
(released October 2006)

06-07 *Has Doha Gone the Way of the Dodo?*
(released September 2006)

06-06 *Will BC Miss the Boat on Port Expansion?*
(released August 2006)

06-05 *Breaking the Interprovincial Trade Barrier*
(released July 2006)

06-04 *Deal or No Deal for Softwood Lumber?*
(released June 2006)

06-03 *Will Canada-India Trade Spice Up?*
(released May 2006)

06-02 *Log Exports Becoming More of a Private Affair*
(released April 2006)

06-01 *BC Exports: 2005 in Review*
(released March 2006)

05-12 *Electricity Puts a Charge into BC Exports*
(released February 2006)

05-11 *Pulp Friction: Challenging Times for BC's Pulp Industry*
(released January 2006)

05-10 *Japan Aims for Free Trade with Canada*
(released December 2005)

05-09 *China's Growth Both an Opportunity and a Threat for Exporters*
(released November 2005)

05-08 *Booming Energy Sector May Give Rise to "Dutch Disease" for Other Exporters*
(released October 2005)

05-07 *Laying on the Lumber*
(released September 2005)

05-06 *Removal of Textile Quotas Tailor-Made for Protectionist Fervour*
(released August 2005)

05-05 *Comparative Trade Numbers Don't Add Up*
(released July 2005)

NOTES

Countries Included Within World Regions:

(1) Western Europe: United Kingdom, Ireland, Austria, Belgium, Denmark, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Iceland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Sweden, Switzerland.

(2) Eastern Europe: other Europe, including all of Russia, Georgia, Kazakhstan, Kyrgyzstan, Moldova, etc.

(3) South East Asia: Malaysia, Brunei Darussalam, Singapore, Myanmar, Kampuchea, Laos, Indonesia, Philippines, Thailand, Vietnam.

(4) Africa: continental Africa, excluding Ethiopia, Libya, Somalia, Sudan, Egypt.

(5) South America: continental South America from Colombia and Venezuela south to Chile and Argentina, including offshore islands, but not Caribbean.

(6) Central America and Caribbean: from Guatemala and Belize to Panama, plus Caribbean Islands.

(7) Pacific Rim (including Japan): Japan, Hong Kong, Malaysia, Brunei Darussalam, Singapore, Laos, Mongolia, China, Indonesia, North Korea, South Korea, Philippines, Macau, Taiwan, Thailand, Vietnam, Australia, Fiji, New Zealand.

(8) Pacific Rim: as above, but excluding Japan.

(9) Middle East: from Turkey and Iran south through the Arabian Peninsula. Excluding Afghanistan and Pakistan, but including Cyprus, Ethiopia, Egypt, Somalia, Sudan and Libya.

The **European Union** is the membership as of January 1, 2007: Austria, Belgium, Bulgaria, Cyprus, Czech Republic, Denmark, Estonia, Finland, France, Germany, Greece, Hungary, Ireland, Italy, Latvia, Lithuania, Luxembourg, Malta, Netherlands, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Slovakia, Slovenia, Spain, Sweden, United Kingdom.

'Selected Value-added Wood Products' category includes prefabricated houses, doors, windows, furniture, moulding, siding, etc. It does not include panel products, shakes, shingles or any pulp and paper products.

Revisions

Statistics Canada revises trade data for the previous three data years with release of the December data. The revision number is indicated in the footer of the tables (e.g., Rev 1 is the first annual revision, etc., and Prelim indicates it is the first release of data to December for that year). In addition to annual revisions, Statistics Canada revises the data for the previous data year every quarter (indicated in the footer by Rev Q1, etc).

Service Offered for Detailed Trade Statistics

For BC government statistics users requiring more detailed information on exports or imports, a special report service is offered through the address below:

Dan Schrier
BC STATS
P.O. Box 9410 Stn Prov Govt
Victoria, B.C. V8W 9V1
(250) 387-0376

This service is provided through the Trade Research and Inquiry Package (TRIP) computer reporting system. TRIP offers user-defined tabulations of export or import statistics for BC, Canada, the United States and other countries. Tabulations can include information on commodities, countries, US states, years, months, mode of transport, etc.

B.C. ORIGIN EXPORTS TO SELECTED DESTINATIONS

	AUGUST			YEAR-TO-DATE			ANNUAL		
	2006	2007	CHANGE 2006-07	2006	2007	CHANGE 2006-07	2004	2005	2006
	VALUES ($,000)		(%)	VALUES ($,000)		(%)	VALUES ($,000)		
United Kingdom	28,055	34,736	23.8%	266,363	280,791	5.4%	341,303	420,960	386,225
Germany	40,963	25,096	-38.7%	304,257	319,597	5.0%	428,277	470,595	446,919
People's Republic of China	130,676	135,519	3.7%	906,346	1,197,680	32.1%	1,225,409	1,325,457	1,485,885
Hong Kong	15,131	11,885	-21.5%	141,506	112,326	-20.6%	252,139	213,166	199,209
Taiwan	54,202	42,163	-22.2%	346,638	312,311	-9.9%	486,744	498,768	520,727
Japan	469,658	296,518	-36.9%	3,262,704	2,848,517	-12.7%	3,805,088	4,163,754	4,706,764
South Korea	67,275	119,711	77.9%	809,963	891,610	10.1%	909,555	1,167,722	1,364,544
India	14,623	10,301	-29.6%	235,315	120,202	-48.9%	132,824	196,511	345,988
Australia	15,855	20,589	29.9%	109,391	132,879	21.5%	224,046	180,187	171,496
Mexico	17,993	14,983	-16.7%	125,874	127,662	1.4%	198,348	236,957	185,372
United States	1,746,045	1,608,970	-7.9%	14,103,822	13,232,562	-6.2%	20,121,209	22,034,201	20,463,611
other	254,671	263,844	3.6%	2,059,135	2,116,447	2.8%	2,866,619	3,193,072	3,144,610
Total International Exports	**2,855,144**	**2,584,316**	**-9.5%**	**22,671,315**	**21,692,583**	**-4.3%**	**30,991,559**	**34,101,351**	**33,421,349**
1) Western Europe	188,128	177,642	-5.6%	1,534,253	1,556,150	1.4%	2,205,438	2,452,976	2,271,422
2) Eastern Europe	11,550	21,058	82.3%	69,612	97,565	40.2%	77,424	128,635	115,992
3) South East Asia	42,752	40,753	-4.7%	321,634	375,304	16.7%	471,009	450,560	523,622
4) Africa (exc. Egypt & Mid-East)	4,850	7,609	56.9%	34,309	48,458	41.2%	55,510	58,449	57,498
5) South America	48,831	29,470	-39.6%	327,198	278,730	-14.8%	320,364	438,697	480,787
6) Cent. Amer. & Caribb. (exc. Mex.)	10,095	4,909	-51.4%	79,726	66,550	-16.5%	92,166	106,767	114,165
7) Pacific Rim (including Japan)	800,003	673,162	-15.9%	5,937,248	5,910,259	-0.5%	7,470,609	8,077,526	9,034,931
8) Pacific Rim (excluding Japan)	330,345	376,644	14.0%	2,674,544	3,061,742	14.5%	3,665,521	3,913,771	4,328,167
9) Middle East	8,974	29,444	228.1%	193,562	196,684	1.6%	255,298	308,779	296,122
	SHARE OF TOTAL (%)								
United Kingdom	1.0%	1.3%		1.2%	1.3%		1.1%	1.2%	1.2%
Germany	1.4%	1.0%		1.3%	1.5%		1.4%	1.4%	1.3%
People's Republic of China	4.6%	5.2%		4.0%	5.5%		4.0%	3.9%	4.4%
Hong Kong	0.5%	0.5%		0.6%	0.5%		0.8%	0.6%	0.6%
Taiwan	1.9%	1.6%		1.5%	1.4%		1.6%	1.5%	1.6%
Japan	16.4%	11.5%		14.4%	13.1%		12.3%	12.2%	14.1%
South Korea	2.4%	4.6%		3.6%	4.1%		2.9%	3.4%	4.1%
India	0.5%	0.4%		1.0%	0.6%		0.4%	0.6%	1.0%
Australia	0.6%	0.8%		0.5%	0.6%		0.7%	0.5%	0.5%
Mexico	0.6%	0.6%		0.6%	0.6%		0.6%	0.7%	0.6%
United States	61.2%	62.3%		62.2%	61.0%		64.9%	64.6%	61.2%
other	8.9%	10.2%		9.1%	9.8%		9.2%	9.4%	9.4%
Total International Exports	**100.0%**	**100.0%**		**100.0%**	**100.0%**		**100.0%**	**100.0%**	**100.0%**
1) Western Europe	6.6%	6.9%		6.8%	7.2%		7.1%	7.2%	6.8%
2) Eastern Europe	0.4%	0.8%		0.3%	0.4%		0.2%	0.4%	0.3%
3) South East Asia	1.5%	1.6%		1.4%	1.7%		1.5%	1.3%	1.6%
4) Africa (exc. Egypt & Mid-East)	0.2%	0.3%		0.2%	0.2%		0.2%	0.2%	0.2%
5) South America	1.7%	1.1%		1.4%	1.3%		1.0%	1.3%	1.4%
6) Cent. Amer. & Caribb. (exc. Mex.)	0.4%	0.2%		0.4%	0.3%		0.3%	0.3%	0.3%
7) Pacific Rim (including Japan)	28.0%	26.0%		26.2%	27.2%		24.1%	23.7%	27.0%
8) Pacific Rim (excluding Japan)	11.6%	14.6%		11.8%	14.1%		11.8%	11.5%	13.0%
9) Middle East	0.3%	1.1%		0.9%	0.9%		0.8%	0.9%	0.9%

See attached NOTES for countries within listed regions.

B.C. ORIGIN EXPORTS to ALL COUNTRIES
– SELECTED COMMODITIES –

	AUGUST			YEAR-TO-DATE				
			CHANGE			CHANGE	SHARE	
	2006 ($,000)	2007 ($,000)	2006-07 (%)	2006 ($,000)	2007 ($,000)	2006-07 (%)	2006 (%)	2007 (%)
SOLID WOOD PRODUCTS	**716,621**	**614,181**	**-14.3%**	**6,218,235**	**5,278,295**	**-15.1%**	**27.4%**	**24.3%**
Lumber (softwood)	466,779	411,089	-11.9%	4,121,337	3,553,698	-13.8%	18.2%	16.4%
Cedar Shakes and Shingles	22,660	25,272	11.4%	168,863	184,309	9.1%	0.7%	0.8%
Plywood and Veneer (softwood)	35,045	22,030	-37.1%	304,477	219,524	-27.9%	1.3%	1.0%
Other Panel Products	53,033	46,244	-12.8%	508,809	395,054	-22.4%	2.2%	1.8%
Selected Value Added Wood Products	74,741	59,520	-20.4%	603,381	482,657	-20.0%	2.7%	2.2%
Logs	42,397	30,873	-27.2%	352,414	281,926	-20.0%	1.6%	1.3%
Other	21,947	19,153	-12.7%	158,955	161,128	1.4%	0.7%	0.7%
PULP AND PAPER PRODUCTS	**467,721**	**436,906**	**-6.6%**	**3,175,939**	**3,422,444**	**7.8%**	**14.0%**	**15.8%**
Pulp	288,173	288,743	0.2%	1,876,966	2,200,010	17.2%	8.3%	10.1%
Newsprint	60,364	38,572	-36.1%	415,845	348,878	-16.1%	1.8%	1.6%
Paper, Paperboard - exc. Newsprint	105,845	93,834	-11.3%	776,511	755,767	-2.7%	3.4%	3.5%
Other	13,338	15,757	18.1%	106,617	117,790	10.5%	0.5%	0.5%
AGRICULTURE AND FOOD OTHER THAN FISH	**159,928**	**157,055**	**-1.8%**	**936,513**	**991,195**	**5.8%**	**4.1%**	**4.6%**
Fruit and Nuts	50,195	49,352	-1.7%	114,647	128,439	12.0%	0.5%	0.6%
Vegetables	29,507	25,297	-14.3%	163,394	149,918	-8.2%	0.7%	0.7%
Other	80,226	82,406	2.7%	658,472	712,838	8.3%	2.9%	3.3%
FISH PRODUCTS	**100,653**	**82,967**	**-17.6%**	**660,106**	**617,549**	**-6.4%**	**2.9%**	**2.8%**
Whole Fish;Fresh, Ch'd, Froz. exc Salmon	22,190	17,982	-19.0%	103,768	91,770	-11.6%	0.5%	0.4%
Whole Salmon; Fresh, Chilled, Frozen	43,707	37,278	-14.7%	265,045	262,156	-1.1%	1.2%	1.2%
Salmon; Fillets, Canned, Smoked, etc.	6,421	2,775	-56.8%	46,389	24,416	-47.4%	0.2%	0.1%
Other	28,336	24,932	-12.0%	244,904	239,207	-2.3%	1.1%	1.1%
METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS	**273,460**	**231,543**	**-15.3%**	**2,316,739**	**2,278,153**	**-1.7%**	**10.2%**	**10.5%**
Copper Ores and Concentrates	113,889	58,306	-48.8%	1,079,920	765,680	-29.1%	4.8%	3.5%
Molybdenum Ores and Concentrates	26,596	37,689	41.7%	270,020	292,562	8.3%	1.2%	1.3%
Unwrought Aluminum	68,867	44,540	-35.3%	466,593	518,862	11.2%	2.1%	2.4%
Unwrought Zinc	46,689	69,441	48.7%	299,572	508,146	69.6%	1.3%	2.3%
Other	17,410	21,566	23.9%	200,634	192,903	-3.9%	0.9%	0.9%
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	**96,352**	**93,632**	**-2.8%**	**724,818**	**736,844**	**1.7%**	**3.2%**	**3.4%**
ENERGY PRODUCTS	**521,639**	**448,232**	**-14.1%**	**4,398,296**	**4,098,634**	**-6.8%**	**19.4%**	**18.9%**
Natural Gas	258,878	156,315	-39.6%	2,094,071	1,813,416	-13.4%	9.2%	8.4%
Coal	211,136	208,111	-1.4%	1,918,110	1,702,552	-11.2%	8.5%	7.8%
Electricity	38,377	73,394	91.2%	227,516	359,512	58.0%	1.0%	1.7%
Other	13,248	10,412	-21.4%	158,600	223,155	40.7%	0.7%	1.0%
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	**267,250**	**288,140**	**7.8%**	**2,280,412**	**2,347,171**	**2.9%**	**10.1%**	**10.8%**
Motor Vehicles and Parts	29,523	28,802	-2.4%	263,337	255,022	-3.2%	1.2%	1.2%
Electrical/Electronic/Communications	56,501	59,529	5.4%	454,210	471,588	3.8%	2.0%	2.2%
Scientific/Photographic/Measuring Equip., etc.	34,737	31,984	-7.9%	296,843	266,230	-10.3%	1.3%	1.2%
Other	146,490	167,825	14.6%	1,266,022	1,354,329	7.0%	5.6%	6.2%
PLASTICS AND ARTICLES OF PLASTIC	**52,131**	**40,038**	**-23.2%**	**395,520**	**340,335**	**-14.0%**	**1.7%**	**1.6%**
CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS	**65,771**	**53,685**	**-18.4%**	**472,107**	**476,918**	**1.0%**	**2.1%**	**2.2%**
APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES	**16,579**	**17,849**	**7.7%**	**100,474**	**103,877**	**3.4%**	**0.4%**	**0.5%**
TEXTILES	**4,026**	**4,804**	**19.3%**	**33,665**	**36,286**	**7.8%**	**0.1%**	**0.2%**
ALL OTHER COMMODITIES	**113,022**	**116,284**	**2.0%**	**958,490**	**964,884**	**0.7%**	**4.2%**	**4.4%**
GRAND TOTAL	**2,855,144**	**2,584,316**	**-9.5%**	**22,671,315**	**21,692,583**	**-4.3%**	**100.0%**	**100.0%**

B.C. ORIGIN EXPORTS to the U.S.A.
– SELECTED COMMODITIES –

	AUGUST			YEAR-TO-DATE				
			CHANGE			CHANGE	SHARE	
	2006 ($,000)	2007 ($,000)	2006-07 (%)	2006 ($,000)	2007 ($,000)	2006-07 (%)	2006 (%)	2007 (%)
SOLID WOOD PRODUCTS	**538,176**	**462,435**	**-14.1%**	**4,866,487**	**3,883,510**	**-20.2%**	**34.5%**	**29.3%**
Lumber (softwood)	333,771	301,060	-9.8%	3,131,659	2,531,153	-19.2%	22.2%	19.1%
Cedar Shakes and Shingles	21,312	23,735	11.4%	159,367	173,587	8.9%	1.1%	1.3%
Plywood and Veneer (softwood)	33,986	20,048	-41.0%	296,411	194,956	-34.2%	2.1%	1.5%
Other Panel Products	48,931	40,534	-17.2%	480,099	335,130	-30.2%	3.4%	2.5%
Selected Value Added Wood Products	65,615	51,926	-20.9%	525,667	416,246	-20.8%	3.7%	3.1%
Logs	22,738	17,528	-22.9%	184,539	149,797	-18.8%	1.3%	1.1%
Other	11,825	7,605	-35.7%	88,747	82,641	-6.9%	0.6%	0.6%
PULP AND PAPER PRODUCTS	**191,815**	**202,937**	**5.8%**	**1,416,724**	**1,477,332**	**4.3%**	**10.0%**	**11.2%**
Pulp	63,939	93,898	46.9%	487,526	621,476	27.5%	3.5%	4.7%
Newsprint	35,965	23,491	-34.7%	239,806	195,729	-18.4%	1.7%	1.5%
Paper, Paperboard - exc. Newsprint	80,001	72,841	-8.9%	602,918	564,480	-6.4%	4.3%	4.3%
Other	11,910	12,707	6.7%	86,474	95,647	10.6%	0.6%	0.7%
AGRICULTURE AND FOOD OTHER THAN FISH	**124,633**	**121,280**	**-2.7%**	**700,745**	**749,170**	**6.9%**	**5.0%**	**5.7%**
Fruit and Nuts	37,408	39,069	4.4%	84,486	100,921	19.5%	0.6%	0.8%
Vegetables	28,577	23,581	-17.5%	160,277	144,505	-9.8%	1.1%	1.1%
Other	58,648	58,630	0.0%	455,982	503,744	10.5%	3.2%	3.8%
FISH PRODUCTS	**58,860**	**52,880**	**-10.2%**	**369,822**	**378,317**	**2.3%**	**2.6%**	**2.9%**
Whole Fish;Fresh, Ch'd, Froz. exc Salmon	8,518	6,278	-26.3%	47,814	41,429	-13.4%	0.3%	0.3%
Whole Salmon; Fresh, Chilled, Frozen	31,819	30,427	-4.4%	218,649	234,852	7.4%	1.6%	1.8%
Salmon; Fillets, Canned, Smoked, etc.	2,270	130	-94.3%	16,985	1,300	-92.3%	0.1%	0.0%
Other	16,253	16,044	-1.3%	86,374	100,736	16.6%	0.6%	0.8%
METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS	**58,429**	**74,274**	**27.1%**	**431,148**	**600,179**	**39.2%**	**3.1%**	**4.5%**
Copper Ores and Concentrates	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0.0%	0.0%
Molybdenum Ores and Concentrates	8,557	7,731	-9.7%	90,653	45,179	-50.2%	0.6%	0.3%
Unwrought Aluminum	5,297	4,705	-11.2%	55,673	37,903	-31.9%	0.4%	0.3%
Unwrought Zinc	33,227	51,048	53.6%	193,563	410,279	112.0%	1.4%	3.1%
Other	11,348	10,791	-4.9%	91,258	106,818	17.0%	0.6%	0.8%
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	**75,872**	**65,340**	**-13.9%**	**559,609**	**542,616**	**-3.0%**	**4.0%**	**4.1%**
ENERGY PRODUCTS	**310,578**	**240,907**	**-22.4%**	**2,538,051**	**2,322,200**	**-8.5%**	**18.0%**	**17.5%**
Natural Gas	258,878	156,315	-39.6%	2,094,071	1,813,416	-13.4%	14.8%	13.7%
Coal	174	885	407.9%	71,927	4,323	-94.0%	0.5%	0.0%
Electricity	38,377	73,393	91.2%	227,516	359,511	58.0%	1.6%	2.7%
Other	13,149	10,314	-21.6%	144,538	144,950	0.3%	1.0%	1.1%
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	**193,666**	**203,817**	**5.2%**	**1,641,899**	**1,683,461**	**2.5%**	**11.6%**	**12.7%**
Motor Vehicles and Parts	27,260	24,814	-9.0%	231,497	228,276	-1.4%	1.6%	1.7%
Electrical/Electronic/Communications	40,535	43,270	6.7%	333,000	326,021	-2.1%	2.4%	2.5%
Scientific/Photographic/Measuring Equip., etc.	23,009	16,946	-26.3%	188,741	159,349	-15.6%	1.3%	1.2%
Other	102,861	118,787	15.5%	888,661	969,815	9.1%	6.3%	7.3%
PLASTICS AND ARTICLES OF PLASTIC	**48,113**	**37,311**	**-22.5%**	**354,162**	**314,734**	**-11.6%**	**2.6%**	**2.4%**
CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS	**34,281**	**32,400**	**-5.5%**	**286,895**	**330,273**	**15.1%**	**2.0%**	**2.5%**
APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES	**13,167**	**13,351**	**1.4%**	**84,172**	**86,510**	**2.8%**	**0.6%**	**0.7%**
TEXTILES	**1,955**	**2,291**	**17.2%**	**16,935**	**18,520**	**9.4%**	**0.1%**	**0.1%**
ALL OTHER COMMODITIES	**96,501**	**99,747**	**3.4%**	**827,173**	**845,740**	**2.2%**	**5.9%**	**6.4%**
GRAND TOTAL	1,746,045	1,608,970	-7.9%	14,103,822	13,232,562	-6.2%	100.0%	100.0%

B.C. ORIGIN EXPORTS to JAPAN
– SELECTED COMMODITIES –

	AUGUST			YEAR-TO-DATE				
			CHANGE			CHANGE	SHARE	
	2006 ($,000)	2007 ($,000)	2006-07 (%)	2006 ($,000)	2007 ($,000)	2006-07 (%)	2006 (%)	2007 (%)
SOLID WOOD PRODUCTS	**111,691**	**78,812**	**-29.4%**	**887,333**	**758,619**	**-14.5%**	**27.2%**	**26.6%**
Lumber (softwood)	87,049	57,264	-34.2%	647,122	544,610	-15.8%	19.8%	19.1%
Cedar Shakes and Shingles	0	0	NA	34	23	-31.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Plywood and Veneer (softwood)	600	931	55.1%	4,312	10,943	153.8%	0.1%	0.4%
Other Panel Products	2,865	4,184	46.1%	18,323	34,360	87.5%	0.6%	1.2%
Selected Value Added Wood Products	7,804	4,211	-46.0%	63,689	41,540	-34.8%	2.0%	1.5%
Logs	10,823	9,260	-14.4%	131,019	96,652	-26.2%	4.0%	3.4%
Other	2,549	2,962	16.2%	22,834	30,490	33.5%	0.7%	1.1%
PULP AND PAPER PRODUCTS	**30,495**	**17,755**	**-41.8%**	**207,067**	**205,830**	**-0.6%**	**6.3%**	**7.2%**
Pulp	29,322	16,886	-42.4%	197,901	196,565	-0.7%	6.1%	6.9%
Newsprint	179	285	59.5%	2,696	3,613	34.0%	0.1%	0.1%
Paper, Paperboard - exc. Newsprint	764	443	-42.0%	4,610	3,949	-14.3%	0.1%	0.1%
Other	231	141	-38.8%	1,860	1,703	-8.4%	0.1%	0.1%
AGRICULTURE AND FOOD OTHER THAN FISH	**10,756**	**9,368**	**-12.9%**	**82,066**	**64,303**	**-21.6%**	**2.5%**	**2.3%**
Fruit and Nuts	1,773	967	-45.5%	9,312	7,927	-14.9%	0.3%	0.3%
Vegetables	437	1,229	181.0%	1,021	1,592	55.9%	0.0%	0.1%
Other	8,546	7,172	-16.1%	71,733	54,783	-23.6%	2.2%	1.9%
FISH PRODUCTS	**18,000**	**10,755**	**-40.3%**	**141,759**	**112,073**	**-20.9%**	**4.3%**	**3.9%**
Whole Fish;Fresh, Ch'd, Froz. exc Salmon	4,922	3,313	-32.7%	20,242	19,929	-1.5%	0.6%	0.7%
Whole Salmon; Fresh, Chilled, Frozen	7,115	3,271	-54.0%	22,264	13,729	-38.3%	0.7%	0.5%
Salmon; Fillets, Canned, Smoked, etc.	445	57	-87.2%	1,957	497	-74.6%	0.1%	0.0%
Other	5,518	4,115	-25.4%	97,296	77,918	-19.9%	3.0%	2.7%
METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS	**181,524**	**103,644**	**-42.9%**	**1,189,889**	**1,040,664**	**-12.5%**	**36.5%**	**36.5%**
Copper Ores and Concentrates	113,889	58,306	-48.8%	706,536	537,544	-23.9%	21.7%	18.9%
Molybdenum Ores and Concentrates	8,533	10,330	21.1%	99,111	97,567	-1.6%	3.0%	3.4%
Unwrought Aluminum	54,703	30,565	-44.1%	300,022	349,177	16.4%	9.2%	12.3%
Unwrought Zinc	0	2,826	NA	3,706	16,719	351.1%	0.1%	0.6%
Other	4,399	1,617	-63.2%	80,514	39,657	-50.7%	2.5%	1.4%
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	**662**	**1,584**	**139.3%**	**6,661**	**9,566**	**43.6%**	**0.2%**	**0.3%**
ENERGY PRODUCTS	**89,932**	**61,796**	**-31.3%**	**587,805**	**568,080**	**-3.4%**	**18.0%**	**19.9%**
Natural Gas	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0.0%	0.0%
Coal	89,885	61,796	-31.2%	587,637	567,964	-3.3%	18.0%	19.9%
Electricity	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0.0%	0.0%
Other	47	0	-100.0%	168	115	-31.4%	0.0%	0.0%
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	**7,911**	**5,976**	**-24.5%**	**75,076**	**34,702**	**-53.8%**	**2.3%**	**1.2%**
Motor Vehicles and Parts	24	12	-52.0%	2,221	377	-83.0%	0.1%	0.0%
Electrical/Electronic/Communications	1,605	1,595	-0.6%	10,374	9,834	-5.2%	0.3%	0.3%
Scientific/Photographic/Measuring Equip., etc.	782	286	-63.5%	5,534	4,337	-21.6%	0.2%	0.2%
Other	5,500	4,084	-25.7%	56,947	20,154	-64.6%	1.7%	0.7%
PLASTICS AND ARTICLES OF PLASTIC	**420**	**234**	**-44.3%**	**2,392**	**1,600**	**-33.1%**	**0.1%**	**0.1%**
CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS	**13,846**	**4,597**	**-66.8%**	**64,329**	**39,558**	**-38.5%**	**2.0%**	**1.4%**
APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES	**1,033**	**623**	**-39.7%**	**3,528**	**3,124**	**-11.4%**	**0.1%**	**0.1%**
TEXTILES	**4**	**3**	**-34.4%**	**714**	**157**	**-78.0%**	**0.0%**	**0.0%**
ALL OTHER COMMODITIES	**3,384**	**1,371**	**-59.5%**	**14,086**	**10,241**	**-27.3%**	**0.4%**	**0.4%**
GRAND TOTAL	**469,658**	**296,518**	**-36.9%**	**3,262,704**	**2,848,517**	**-12.7%**	**100.0%**	**100.0%**

B.C. ORIGIN EXPORTS TO THE EUROPEAN UNION (2007 membership)*
– SELECTED COMMODITIES –

	AUGUST			YEAR-TO-DATE				
			CHANGE			CHANGE	SHARE	
	2006 ($,000)	2007 ($,000)	2006-07 (%)	2006 ($,000)	2007 ($,000)	2006-07 (%)	2006 (%)	2007 (%)
SOLID WOOD PRODUCTS	**26,090**	**31,956**	**22.5%**	**201,860**	**259,056**	**28.3%**	**13.2%**	**16.5%**
Lumber (softwood)	18,381	21,886	19.0%	148,995	192,695	29.3%	9.7%	12.3%
Cedar Shakes and Shingles	533	739	38.6%	4,990	6,406	28.4%	0.3%	0.4%
Plywood and Veneer (softwood)	163	872	434.4%	1,459	10,636	628.8%	0.1%	0.7%
Other Panel Products	30	117	289.7%	432	1,645	281.2%	0.0%	0.1%
Selected Value Added Wood Products	382	849	122.2%	6,662	6,142	-7.8%	0.4%	0.4%
Logs	0	0	NA	9	57	554.8%	0.0%	0.0%
Other	6,600	7,694	16.6%	39,312	41,474	5.5%	2.6%	2.6%
PULP AND PAPER PRODUCTS	**47,591**	**41,079**	**-13.7%**	**333,639**	**292,977**	**-12.2%**	**21.8%**	**18.7%**
Pulp	45,963	36,831	-19.9%	301,415	265,926	-11.8%	19.7%	16.9%
Newsprint	0	0	NA	72	225	213.7%	0.0%	0.0%
Paper, Paperboard - exc. Newsprint	1,590	4,203	164.4%	31,306	26,573	-15.1%	2.0%	1.7%
Other	38	45	17.2%	847	253	-70.1%	0.1%	0.0%
AGRICULTURE AND FOOD OTHER THAN FISH	**7,569**	**8,314**	**9.8%**	**24,583**	**30,021**	**22.1%**	**1.6%**	**1.9%**
Fruit and Nuts	5,500	5,591	1.7%	7,708	8,778	13.9%	0.5%	0.6%
Vegetables	101	315	210.7%	394	2,127	439.2%	0.0%	0.1%
Other	1,968	2,408	22.3%	16,481	19,117	16.0%	1.1%	1.2%
FISH PRODUCTS	**7,246**	**5,674**	**-21.7%**	**39,130**	**35,274**	**-9.9%**	**2.6%**	**2.2%**
Whole Fish;Fresh, Ch'd, Froz. exc Salmon	2,697	2,232	-17.3%	12,397	9,401	-24.2%	0.8%	0.6%
Whole Salmon; Fresh, Chilled, Frozen	1,273	698	-45.2%	7,326	5,513	-24.7%	0.5%	0.4%
Salmon; Fillets, Canned, Smoked, etc.	2,752	2,366	-14.0%	17,894	18,437	3.0%	1.2%	1.2%
Other	523	379	-27.6%	1,513	1,923	27.1%	0.1%	0.1%
METALLIC MINERAL PRODUCTS	**5,521**	**18,732**	**239.3%**	**60,632**	**129,768**	**114.0%**	**4.0%**	**8.3%**
Copper Ores and Concentrates	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0.0%	0.0%
Molybdenum Ores and Concentrates	5,472	13,932	154.6%	54,314	108,825	100.4%	3.5%	6.9%
Unwrought Aluminum	0	72	NA	591	1,072	81.4%	0.0%	0.1%
Unwrought Zinc	0	4,050	NA	0	4,126	NA	0.0%	0.3%
Other	49	678	1298.1%	5,727	15,744	174.9%	0.4%	1.0%
FABRICATED METAL PRODUCTS	**552**	**758**	**37.4%**	**8,155**	**8,543**	**4.8%**	**0.5%**	**0.5%**
ENERGY PRODUCTS	**57,630**	**32,268**	**-44.0%**	**558,941**	**454,601**	**-18.7%**	**36.5%**	**29.0%**
Natural Gas	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0.0%	0.0%
Coal	57,621	32,260	-44.0%	558,895	454,544	-18.7%	36.5%	29.0%
Electricity	0	0	NA	0	0	NA	0.0%	0.0%
Other	9	9	-2.8%	46	57	24.1%	0.0%	0.0%
MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT	**26,832**	**33,569**	**25.1%**	**239,293**	**270,411**	**13.0%**	**15.6%**	**17.2%**
Motor Vehicles and Parts	331	423	27.8%	6,461	4,735	-26.7%	0.4%	0.3%
Electrical/Electronic/Communications	4,500	8,866	97.0%	37,240	69,514	86.7%	2.4%	4.4%
Scientific/Photographic/Measuring Equip., etc.	5,125	5,881	14.7%	50,086	47,005	-6.2%	3.3%	3.0%
Other	16,875	18,399	9.0%	145,505	149,157	2.5%	9.5%	9.5%
PLASTICS AND ARTICLES OF PLASTIC	**804**	**415**	**-48.4%**	**9,026**	**6,010**	**-33.4%**	**0.6%**	**0.4%**
CHEMICALS AND CHEMICAL PRODUCTS	**1,157**	**3,627**	**213.6%**	**11,254**	**28,196**	**150.5%**	**0.7%**	**1.8%**
APPAREL AND ACCESSORIES	**1,238**	**2,148**	**73.4%**	**7,920**	**8,190**	**3.4%**	**0.5%**	**0.5%**
TEXTILES	**187**	**118**	**-36.5%**	**1,071**	**1,237**	**15.5%**	**0.1%**	**0.1%**
ALL OTHER COMMODITIES	**5,022**	**4,546**	**-9.5%**	**36,743**	**45,502**	**23.8%**	**2.4%**	**2.9%**
GRAND TOTAL	**187,436**	**183,206**	**-2.3%**	**1,532,247**	**1,569,787**	**2.5%**	**100.0%**	**100.0%**

* Note that as of January 1, 2007 the European Union expanded to include two new members: Bulgaria and Romania. These figures include those countries.